

### ODE for Physicists - Homework 9

Due: June 14, 2005

25. (4 pts.) Use the method of power series to find the solution to the initial value problem  $y'' + x^2y' + 2xy = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ .
26. (3 pts.) Let  $a > 0$

(i) Show that

$$\mathcal{L}\left(\frac{\sin at}{2a^3} - \frac{t \cos at}{2a^2}\right)(s) = \frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}.$$

(ii) Find a function  $t \mapsto f(t)$  such that

$$\mathcal{L}(f)(s) = \frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}.$$

27. (3 pts.) What function has the Laplace transform (i)  $s \mapsto (s - 4)^{-3}$ ?
28. (3 pts.) Let  $F(s) = \mathcal{L}(f)(s)$ . Suppose that  $f(t)/t$  has a limit as  $t$  approaches zero. Prove that

$$\mathcal{L}(f(t)/t)(s) = \int_s^{+\infty} F(\zeta) d\zeta.$$

*Remark:* The assumption that  $f(t)/t$  has a limit as  $t \downarrow 0$  guarantees that the integral on the right-hand side exists.

29. (3 pts.)

- (i) Let  $f$  be periodic with period  $p$ , i.e.  $f(t + p) = f(t)$  for every  $t \geq 0$ . Show that

$$\mathcal{L}(f)(s) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-ps}} \int_0^p e^{-st} f(t) dt.$$

- (ii) Use the formula in (i) to find the Laplace transform of  $|\sin|$ .
- (iii) Use the formula in (i) to find the Laplace transform of the step function that is periodic with period one and is equal to one in  $[0, \frac{1}{2})$  and equal to two in  $[\frac{1}{2}, 1)$ .