

## Numerical Mathematics III – Partial Differential Equations

### Exercise Problems 08

**Attention:** The approach for getting a solution has to be clearly presented. All statements have to be proved, auxiliary calculations have to be written down. Statements given in the lectures can be used without proof.

1. *Alternative inner product in  $L^2(0, \infty)$ .* Show that

$$a(u, v) = \int_0^\infty e^{-x} u(x)v(x) dx$$

defines a (real) inner product in  $L^2(0, \infty)$ .

Hint: A map  $a(\cdot, \cdot) : V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a (real) inner product if it is bilinear, symmetric, and coercive, i.e.:

- i)  $a(\alpha u + \beta v, w) = \alpha a(u, w) + \beta a(v, w)$ ,  $a(u, \alpha v + \beta w) = \alpha a(u, v) + \beta a(u, w)$ ,  $\forall u, v, w \in V$ ,  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}$ ,
  - ii)  $a(u, v) = a(v, u) \forall u, v \in V$ ,
  - iii)  $a(u, u) \geq 0 \forall u \in V$  and  $a(u, u) = 0 \iff u = 0$ .
2. *Boundedness of bilinear form.* Let  $a : H^1(\Omega) \times H^1(\Omega) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be the bilinear form

$$a(u, v) = \int_\Omega \nabla u(\mathbf{x})^T A(\mathbf{x}) \nabla v(\mathbf{x}) + c(\mathbf{x})u(\mathbf{x})v(\mathbf{x}) dx.$$

with  $a_{ij} \in L^\infty(\Omega)$ ,  $i, j = 1, \dots, d$ ,  $c \in L^\infty(\Omega)$ ,  $c \geq 0$ . Show that this bilinear form is bounded, i.e., there is a constant  $C$  such that

$$|a(u, v)| \leq C \|u\|_{H^1(\Omega)} \|v\|_{H^1(\Omega)} \quad \forall u, v \in H^1(\Omega).$$

3. *Connection of properties of matrices and bilinear forms.* Let

$$A = (a_{ij}) = a(\phi_j, \phi_i),$$

where  $\{\phi_i\}_{i=1}^k$  is the basis of a finite-dimensional space  $V_k$ . Show that

- i)  $A = A^T \iff a(v, w) = a(w, v) \quad \forall v, w \in V_k$ ,
  - ii)  $\underline{x}^T A \underline{x} > 0 \quad \forall \underline{x} \neq \underline{0} \iff a(v, v) > 0 \quad \forall v \neq 0$ .
4. *Stability estimate for the Poisson problem.* Let  $\Omega \in \mathbb{R}^d$ ,  $d \in \{2, 3\}$ , a bounded domain with Lipschitz boundary. Consider the Poisson problem

$$-\Delta u = f \text{ in } \Omega, \quad u = 0 \text{ on } \Gamma.$$

Show the stability estimate

$$\|u\|_{H^1(\Omega)} \leq C \|f\|_{L^2(\Omega)}.$$

Hint: Test the Poisson equation with the function  $u$ .

The exercise problems should be solved in groups of two or three students. The written parts have to be submitted until **Thursday, June 13, 2019**. The executable codes have to be send by email to A. Jha.