

Berlin, 13.06.2022

Numerik I

English translation of Übungsserie 08

Attention: Only solutions which provide a comprehensible reasoning will be graded. Every statement has to be argued. You can use results from the lecture. Statements without reasoning won't get any points.

1. *Quadrature rule for tensor product domains.* Let $I_1 = [a_1, b_1]$ and $I_2 = [a_2, b_2]$, then a tensor product domain in \mathbb{R}^2 determined by I_1 and I_2 is given by

$$\Omega = I_1 \times I_2 = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x \in I_1, y \in I_2\}.$$

Consider quadrature rules on I_1, I_2 , given by grid points $\{x_i \in I_1\}_{i=0}^m, \{y_j \in I_2\}_{j=0}^n$ and weights $\{\lambda_i\}_{i=0}^m, \{\kappa_j\}_{j=0}^n$ respectively. Compare formula (4.9) in the lecture notes.

- i) On Ω one can derive a quadrature rule with grid points $\{x_i, y_j\}, i = 0, \dots, m, j = 0, \dots, n$. Determine the (form of the) weights for this rule.
- ii) Let $I_1 = I_2 = [0, 1]$ and choose the above mentioned quadrature rules to be the trapezoidal rule. Compute the resulting quadrature rule on Ω . Subsequently approximate

$$\int_{\Omega} x^3 y^3 \, dx dy$$

and compute the absolute value of the error.

- iii) Consider the same task as in ii), but choose the quadrature rules on both intervals to be the Gauß-Legendre rule for $n = 1$. For this purpose derive the grid points and weights for this rule on the interval $[0, 1]$ similarly to Beispiel 4.21 in the lecture notes.

All computations have to be in exact arithmetic.

6 points

2. *Romberg and Simpson rule.* Every element $P_{k,j}, k = 0, \dots, m, j = 0, \dots, k$, of the Romberg method can be interpreted as result of a quadrature rule. Determine k and j in such a way that $P_{k,j}$ gives the same value as the summed up Simpson rule. **3 points**

3. *Programming exercise: Romberg method.* Approximate

$$\int_{-1}^1 \frac{(x - 0.5)^3}{\sqrt{x + 8}} \, dx$$

by the Romberg method introduced in the lecture notes. For this task implement a program.

The domain of integration has to be decomposed into 1, 2, 4, ..., 64 subintervals. Determine and report the approximation error of the exact solution

$$\frac{12371}{20} \sqrt{7} - \frac{229179}{140}.$$

Furthermore display the Romberg method analogous to Beispiel 4.31 in the lecture notes. **4 points**

The exercises should be solved in groups of three or four students. They have to be submitted until **Monday, 20.06.2022, 12:00**, either in the box of the tutor or electronically.