

WKB-schemes for Schrödinger-type equations

BY ANTON ARNOLD (VIENNA UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY)

We are concerned with the numerical integration of ODEs of the form $\epsilon^2 \psi_{xx} + a(x)\psi = 0$ for given $a(x) \geq \alpha > 0$ in the highly oscillatory regime $0 < \epsilon \ll 1$ (appearing as a stationary Schrödinger equation or 1D Helmholtz equation, e.g.). In two steps we derive an accurate finite difference scheme that does not need to resolve each oscillation: 1) With a WKB-ansatz the dominant oscillations are “transformed out”, yielding a much smoother ODE. 2) For the resulting oscillatory integrals we devise an asymptotic expansion both in ϵ and h . In contrast to existing strategies, the presented method has (even for a large spatial step size h) the same weak limit (in the classical limit $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$) as the continuous solution. Moreover, it has an error bound of the order $O(\epsilon^3 h^2)$. We shall give applications to k-p-Schrödinger systems and to the simulation of semiconductor-nanostructures.

REFERENCES

- [1] A. Arnold, N. Ben Abdallah and C. Negulescu: WKB-based schemes for the oscillatory 1D Schrödinger equation in the semi-classical limit, *SIAM J. Numer. Anal.* 49, No. 4 (2011) 1436-1460.
- [2] J. Geier, A. Arnold: WKB-based schemes for two-band Schrödinger equations in the highly oscillatory regime, to appear in *Nanosystems: Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics* 2, No. 3 (2011).