## Corrections to

Robust Libor Modelling and Pricing of Derivative Products

pg. 21: r.h.s. of (1.39) and r.h.s. middle of (1.40) need to be divided by  $T_p-t.$  pg. 93: . . . Hence,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \operatorname{Var}_{\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \rho}(X_j) \le -2\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \delta_j^2 e^{2\sigma_2^2} (1 - 4\sigma_2 \max(0, \sigma_1 - \sigma_2)) < 0$$

pg. 93: In every Libor market model . . .  $\sigma_2^2=.$  . and  $\sigma_1^2=.$  . pg. 94: In (4.20) second line =  $E(\cdots-\delta_\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s})^+$ 

pg. 178: Last sentence: . . right continuous with left limits. . and A is a predictable process of . .

pg. 196: Insert reference: Kühn, C., & Kyprianou, A.E., Pricing Israeli options: a pathwise approach, Working paper (2003)

Last update 21.03.06