

Exercise Sheet 12

Exercise 35. Ground state in quantum mechanics. The spatial density distribution of the electron in a hydrogen atom is given in terms of the density $\rho : \Omega \rightarrow [0, \infty[$, where for simplicity we let $\Omega = B_R(0) \subset \mathbb{R}^3$. The wave function $\psi : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \simeq \mathbb{R}^2$ defines the density ρ via $\rho(x) = |\psi(x)|^2$. The ground state is the minimizer of the total energy $I(\psi) = I_{\text{kin}}(\psi) + I_{\text{Coul}}(\psi)$ under the constraint $\int_{\Omega} |\psi(x)|^2 dx = \int_{\Omega} \rho(x) dx = 1$.

The kinetic energy $I_{\text{kin}}(\psi) = \int_{\Omega} \mu |\nabla \psi(x)|^2 dx$ and the Coulomb-interaction energy $I_{\text{Coul}}(\psi) = \int_{\Omega} -\frac{\gamma}{|x|} |\psi(x)|^2 dx$ are given via positive physical constants μ and γ .

(a) Show that a ground state exists for all $R \in]0, \infty[$.

Hint: Show and use $(x \mapsto 1/|x|) \in L^2(\Omega)$ and $\|u\|_{L^4} \leq C \|u\|_{L^2}^{1/4} \|u\|_{H^1}^{3/4}$.

(b) Show that there is a real and nonnegative ground state, i.e. $\psi(x) = \text{Re } \psi(x) \geq 0$ a.e.

(c) For the physical case $R = \infty$ show that a solution of the form $\psi(x) = \alpha e^{-\beta|x|}$ satisfies the EULER-LAGRANGE equations.

Exercise 36. Variational inequality. We consider a string which is fixed rigidly on the left end and which is elastically supported on the right end under the constraint that the support is in a given interval.

Characterize the minimizer of $I(u) = \int_0^1 \left\{ \frac{1}{2} u'(x)^2 - h(x)u \right\} dx + \frac{k}{2} (u(1) - u_0)^2$ under the constraint $u(1) \in [-1, 2]$, where $h \in L^2(0, 1)$, $k > 0$ and $u_0 \in \mathbb{R}$ and are given.

(a) Give a functions space and a constraint set, such that always a minimizer exists. Is it unique?

(b) Solve the constraint minimization problem for the case $h = 0$ explicitly, and characterize the set of (k, u_0) for which one of the two constraints is active.

