

From EuDML to WDML

Next steps

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Outline

- EuDML: The project
- EuDML content: state-of-the-art
- EuDML tools & services
- What EuDML can offer to WDML
- What next?

$$U = \frac{W}{2}$$

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$rope = W(orld)/2$$

$$\downarrow \downarrow$$

is half the effort to build the WDML

Still open!

$$U = \frac{W}{2}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$\mathbb{E} \mathcal{U} \text{rope} = W(\text{orld})/2$$

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Still open!

The European Digital Mathematics Library

EuDML Vision (2008)

The Digital Mathematics Library should assemble as much as possible of the digital mathematical corpus in order to

- help preserving it over the long term,
- make it available online
- possibly after some embargo period (eventual open access),
- in the form of an authoritative and enduring digital collection,
- growing continuously with publisher supplied new content,
- augmented with sophisticated search interfaces and interoperability services,
- developed and curated by a network of institutions

⇒ EuDML, pilot implementation with content from 12 European partners



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The European Digital Mathematics Library

Consortium

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IST Management & Technical Coordination Instituto Superior Técnico (Lisbon, PT)
  UJF/CMD Scientific Coordination Université Joseph-Fourier: MathDoc (Grenoble, FR)
CNRS/CMD Centre national de la recherche scientifique: MathDoc (Grenoble, FR)
            University of Birmingham: Computer Science Dpt. (UK)
        FIZ Fachinformationszentrum: Zentralblatt (Karlsruhe, DE)
            Masarykova univerzita: Informatique (Brno, CZ)
            University of Warsaw: ICM (PL)
      Consejo superior de investigaciones cientificas: IEDCYT (Madrid, ES)
     EDPS Édition Diffusion Presse Sciences (Paris, FR)
       USC Universidade de Santiago de Compostela: Instituto de Matemáticas (ES)
   IMI-BAS Institute of Mathematics and Informatics, BAS (Sofia, BG)
      IMAS Matematicky Ustav Av Cr V.V.I. (Prague, CZ)
            Ionian University: Informatics Dpt. (Corfu, GR)
      MML Made Media UK (Birmingham, UK)
       EMS European Mathematical Society
   SUBGoe Göttingen university library (DE)
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Current content overview

Collections 235,000 items, 2,600,000 pages

Germany ERAM/JFM, GDZ, ELibM (120,000 items)

France Gallica-Math, NUMDAM, CEDRAM, TEL (50,000 items)

Czech Rep. DML-CZ (27,000 items)

Russia RusDML (17,000 items)

Poland DML-PL (13,000 items)

Greece HDML (2,400 items)

Spain DML-E (6,400 items)

Italy BDIM (2,000 items)

Portugal SPM/BNP (2,000 items)

Bulgaria BulDML (450 items)

Retrodigitised BNP/SPM/IST, BDIM, DML-CZ, DML-E, DML-PL, Gallica, GDZ, HDML, NUMDAM, RusDML

Born digital BulDML, CEDRAM, DML-CZ, DML-E, DML-PL, EDPS, ELibM, NUMDAM



Selection

Process The project selects the partnering institutions,

each institution selects contributed collections.

Criteria Published texts holding mathematical knowledge that has been validated through a scientific editorial process, so that they can

serve for further reference in future works.

Items A EuDML item is the relevant logical unit to be ultimately delivered to our users.

A monograph, a journal article, each individual contribution in a proceedings volume or an edited book, as well as the whole book Concretely, it is a pair

(digital full text [PDF], metadata [XML])

physically archived at one of the partnering institutions

Summary Currently harvested: 235,000 items in 12 collections

(185,000 journal articles, 3,200 proceedings articles, 41,000 chapters and contributions in books, 2,500 books, 300 multiple volume works)

Copyright owners

Public domain few journals, most books

Public/Charity 50 Universities, Research organizations, Institutes, Academies

Foundations Compositio Mathematica, few not-for-profit bodies

Societies 20 math societies

Publishers

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Birkhäuser 5 journals (GDZ)
EDPS 7 journals (5 updated in NUMDAM)
Elsevier 5 journals, 1 updated (NUMDAM)
de Gruyter 2 journals (GDZ)
Heldermann
Hindawi 12 journals (up-to-date in ELibM)
Noordhoff 1 journal (NUMDAM)
AK Peters 1 journal (ELibM)
Springer 2 periodicals (NUMDAM, 1 journal updated up to 2007)
9 journals (GDZ)
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Rights status

Public access to PDF

Public domain 10%

Open access 97%

Embargoed 3%

Metadata

Public domain 76,000 items

Freely reusable All (CC0/CC-BY)

Project access to full text

Plain full text 75,000 items have text OCR or PDF extract

Processable PDF 170,000 items available for project internal processing

Servable PDF 105,000 items' re-serving after project processing

Metadata

Metadata babel

- Internal relational database (no XML)
- In-house proprietary DTD
- Standard DTDs (DC, Dspace, minidml, METS, TEL, NLM...)

We adopted the

NLM Journal Archiving and Interchange Tag Suite

for EuDML metadata storage and exchange

- Article
- Book
- Book-article (internally)



EuDML metadata schema

NLM Journal Archiving and Interchange Tag Suite

Pros

- Widely deployed and tested (PubMed Central, JSTOR)
- NISO standard
- Precise and flexible (structured *and* flat models)
- MathML (and alternatives) ready
- Covers periodical content, books, book collections
- Has room for all foreseen metadata elements, yet extensible

Cons

- Needs "application profile" (best practices)
- Geared towards item's full text
- Had to be tweaked for some item types (chapter in edited book, multivolume works...)

Supports all EuDML item types so far!



EuDML tools & services

Already running

- Conversion to NLM from providers' XML (mostly on-the-fly)
- Small metadata enhancements (tagging refinement, TEX→MathML)
- EuDML reference matching, ZBmath matching (item, ref.)
- Public demo website (only journal articles currently, presentation MathML based display of formulae)
- Experimental formula search
- Experimental similarity computation
- Experimental Opensearch

EuDML tools & services

Expected soon

- Integration of all content types in the public website
- Web 2.0 features
- Service interfaces (Opensearch, LOD, OAI-PMH, REST API)
- More mathematical knowledge generated and stored in NLM records through
 - MSC and English keywords acquired from ZBMATH
 - Guessed MSC, subject categorization
 - Text+MathML extraction from born digital PDF (maxtract)
 - Text+MathML extraction from image PDF (Infty)



EuDML legacy

What EuDML can offer to WDML

- A corpus of 195,000 mathematical documents
- Almost all can be used for trying new processes
- All have metadata in a homogeneous format (NLM based)
- A number of partially evaluated tools (from basic aggregation to accessible math through math formula search)
- Routines to interconnect DML items
- Experience of the first cross-repository, transnational DML effort

EuDML legacy

Personal return on experience

- Some providers are very picky on things such a project could be willing to do with their content: You can't be successful if you don't take this into account (protecting some metadata that they could give to you for internal processing but not for public display).
- Not everything is free, you're not allowed to share what doesn't belong to you.
- On the other hand, providers are expecting good value produced from bigger aggregation: If you comply with their requests, they will be quite eager to cooperate.
- The time frame of such a project needs to leave plenty of time for testing and assessing with real users
- Technology is nothing but a toy as long as no one is convinced to give it a try
- Beware technology-only oriented partners!



What next?

Content

- It should be trivial to enlarge the content to the point where DML becomes an invaluable resource to users
- But this is not an interesting goal!
- Challenges still to be tackled:
 - Integration of collections from any digital library (typically: with wrong granularity, thus need of automated article detection & metadata generation)
 - Serve effectively the non-specialist user of mathematical results (probably a mix of formula search, competent author knowledge base, jargon mismatch recovery)
 - Heritage corpus is multilingual in essence: make it navigable seamlessly!
 - Parse the text and generate logical dependency graph...



What next?

Architecture

We should set up an open yet secure infrastructure so that

- A corpus as big as possible is integrated and made easily accessible to users
- Copyright and content owners wishes are enforced
- The eligible content is used to experiment with cutting-edge technology
- Technology partners can plug-in new processes to the system with no hassle



What next?

Some ideas

Here are some ideas that were not yet tried out to their full potential

- Crowd sourcing: seems inappropriate to mathematics where a typical wikipedian (with a high community rating) is able to screw up the mathematical meaning. But it's maybe the only way to getting proper metadata for lots of items
- Interlinking as a metadata cloud (using detailed metadata of linked items to enhance metadata of a bare item)
- "Image search" technology to provide semantics to formulae (and possibly language-neutral metadata as well)
- Tracking user path to deduce relations





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We will deliver a truly open, sustainable and innovative framework for access and exploitation of Europe's rich heritage of mathematics.

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MathDoc director
EUDML scientific coordinator
EMS Electronic Publishing Committee
CICM Steering Committee
IMU Committee on Electronic Information
and Communication